

# SYLLABUS REVERSE ENGINEERING

## MAIN FEATURES

Labs

The labs hold questions and tasks to support the training.



Book

The coursebooks accompany the lecturers and students alike in cybersecurity studies.



Scenarios

Provide participants possible situations from cybersecurity or cyberterrorism to solve.



#### Project

Trainees must complete a practical built-in project, produce defense and assault tools.



#### Description

Reverse Engineering is a technique used to analyze software to identify and understand its components and its flows. It is a process of understanding code infringement processes and analyzing software weaknesses. Reverse Engineers analyze systems to create system representations in another form of abstraction.

### MODULES

#### Module 1: Counting & Representing

#### Calculation of Bases

Hexadecimal Base Binary Base Transition Between Bases Numerical Actions

#### Module 2: Assembly Language

#### Assembly

Registries Processor Architecture Portable Executable Installing a Workspace Linux syscall Table File Descriptor Debugging Process Professionalization in GDB Jumps & Conditions Manipulation on a Processor Activating Number-Detonation on the Processor Ordering Bytes Maintaining Flags Mode using a Stack Stack Calling Conventions Build printf Functions using Assembly Call to Functions

#### Module 3: Exploitation

Buffer Protostar Buffer Overflow Writing Exploits to Bypass Protections Processes in Computer Science Race Condition Anti-Reversing Return Oriented Programming (ROP) Memory Management Policy W^X NX bit DEP Ret2libc Format String Overcoming the ASLR M Memory Management How a Process Gets Memory from the System Heap Overflow Exploitation Over the Internet Buffer Overflow Over the Internet **Tracer Browser Detection** Fuzzing SPIKE Debug Using OllyDbg to Restore Crash Shellcode Manually Create Shellcode Create Shellcode Using Metasploit **Bad Characters**